Borough of Crosby

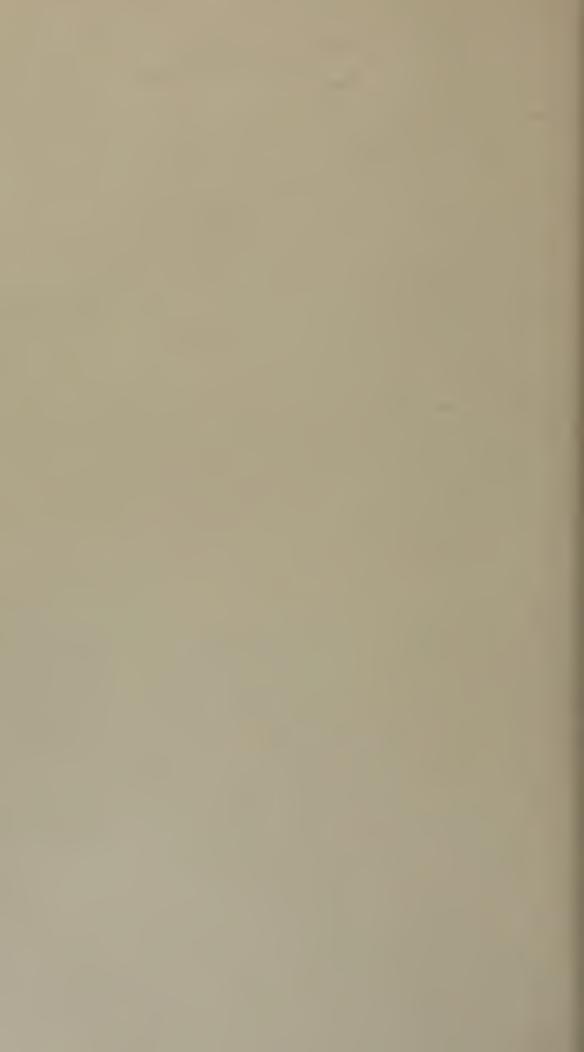


Annual Report

of the

Medical Officer of Health For the Year 1956

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Borough of Crosby

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BOROUGH OF CROSBY

MAYOR: Mr. Councillor FREDERICK HILL, F.C.A., C.C., J.P. DEPUTY MAYOR: Mr. Alderman A. E. COLLINS.

TOWN CLERK: HAROLD O. ROBERTS, Esq., D.P.A. (L'pool), Barrister-at-Law.

HEALTH COMMITTEE AT THE END OF 1956.

Chairman:

Mr. Councillor S. J. HEBBERT.

Vice-Chairman:

Mr. Councillor P. T. MUSKETT.

THE MAYOR. THE DEPUTY MAYOR. $Ex-Officio\ Members$.

Mr. Alderman G. W. Bevan. Mr. Councillor J. S. FOGGETT. A. G. JAMIESON, J.P. J. A. FREEMAN. 22 J. Morris. W. H. GRAVES. 22 22 Alderman Miss F. Rollo, O.B.E., J.P. E. A. HALL. 22 22 Mr. Councillor T. BEATTIE-EDWARDS. V. P. Kehoe. Councillor Miss C. M. Davies. Councillor Miss J. G. KEMP. Mr. Councillor A. L. DICKSON Mr. Councillor R. A. McGeoch. A. S. DIXON. R. Moore. I. G. Eccles. I. PRUDEN. >> Councillor Mrs. A. D. A. TIMM.

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT DURING THE YEAR 1956.

Medical Officer of Health:

J. G. Hailwood, M.D., Ch.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health: Susan H. Montgomery, M.B., Ch.B. (L'pool).

Chief Public Health Inspector: G. F. Lewis, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I., D.P.A. (L'pool).

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector: R. Spencer, D.P.A. (L'pool).

District Public Health Inspectors:

D. BARBER, M.A.P.H.I.

P. M. WATSON.

E. WARNER.

Clerical Staff:

Miss V. M. HAMBLETON. (Resigned March, 1956) Miss K. Burgess. (Commenced 20.9.56) Mrs. E. UPFOLD. (Resigned 21.9.56))
Miss A. Schofield. (Commenced 26.3.56)

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,

TOWN HALL,

WATERLOO.

Mr. MAYOR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present the twentieth Annual Report on the health of the Borough of Crosby.

The general health of residents has remained satisfactory during the year. There was a decrease in the number of infectious diseases notified, only 456 cases being notified compared with 1,319 in 1955. The reduction was mainly in measles and whooping cough, although there was a welcome drop in the number of dysentery cases occurring. This reduction probably resulted as much from the wet summer as from the new Food Hygiene Regulations.

The birth rate remained at 16.0 per 1,000 population compared with 15.7 for England and Wales. The infant death rate increased from 16 to 26 per 1,000 live births and was slightly above the rate for England and Wales at 23.8. There were actually 24 deaths under the age of one year, but 19 of these occurred under one week and were mostly unavoidable, being due to prematurity and congenital malformations.

The general death rate increased from 12.0 to 13.1 per 1,000 population. In this connection, I would draw attention to the morbidity due to accidents in the home which show little sign of reduction. Too many babies continue to be scalded, too many children's dresses catch fire, too many adults are accidentally electrocuted or gassed. More and more education in home safety is surely indicated.

Housing conditions are slowly improving. Progress was made during the year in the demolition of some of the poor property in the Borough. The slum clearance programme has increased the duties of the Public Health Inspectors, who have maintained the high standard of their work during the year, during which 7,699 premises were inspected, 4,312 nuisances or defects were discovered and 3,920 were abated. A further 4,650 visits were made to ensure that work had been done satisfactorily.

In conclusion, I thank the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for their interest and support during the year, and the members of the staff for their ready help and co-operation at all times.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant,

J. G. HAILWOOD, Medical Officer of Health.

	Vital Statistics, 1956 and	nd 1955.	
A	rea. (Land and inland water 4,870 acres, fo	reshore 2,081 a	cres)
F			
S	um represented by a one penny rate (estimate	ed)	f. = f.2,940
N	Tumber of inhabited houses at the end of 195	6	. 17,020
P	opulation at 1931 census		. 50,569
P	opulation at 1951 census	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 58,362
		1054	1057
		1956	1955
	TOME DODINATION		
ţ	HOME POPULATION.	50.000	50 000
т	Registrar-General's mid-year estimate	58,820	58,080
1	BIRTHS.	930	920
	Live Births—Males 452, Females 478	930	920
	Live Birth Rate, per 1,000 of estimated	15 ⋅8	15 ·8
	population: Crude Adjusted	16.0	16.0
	Live Birth Rates for:—	10 0	10.0
	England and Wales	15 .7	15
	The Great Towns	15 · 6	14 .9
	Still Births—Males 16, Females 9	25	16
	Still Birth Rate (per 1,000 live and still		
	births)	26	17.1
	Still Birth Rates for :—		
	England and Wales	23	23.2
	The Great Towns	23	23.2
	Comparability factor for births	1 .01	1 .01
]	DEATHS.		==0
	Males 377, Females 404	781	759
	Death Rate, per 1,000 of estimated popu-	10.0	12.1
	lation: Crude	13.3	13 ·1
	Adjusted	13 ·1	12
	Death Rates for :—	11 7	11 .7
	England and Wales	11 ·7 11 ·6	11.6
	The Great Towns	11.0	11 0
	Tuberculosis Deaths—Respiratory 6,	6	14
	Others Nil	0	1 -
	Tuberculosis Death Rate—Respiratory	0 ·10	0 .24
	0·10, others Nil		
	Tuberculosis Death Rates for:—	0 ·12	0 ·15
	England and Wales The Great Towns	0.14	0 ·17
	Cancer Deaths—Males 65, Females 65	100	130
	Cancer Death Rate	2.21	2 · 24
	Comparability factor for deaths	0 .99	0.92
	Comparability factor for deaths		

	1956	1955
INFANT MORTALITY.		
Deaths of infants under one year of age—	0.4	15
Males 12, Females 12	24	15
Infant Mortality Rate, per 1,000 live births	26	16
Infant Mortality Rate for:—		
England and Wales	23.8	24 .9
The Great Towns	24	25 ·1
Deaths of infants under four weeks of age—		
Males 10, Females 10	20	9
Neo-natal Mortality Rate, per 1,000 live		
births	22	10
MATERNAL MORTALITY.		
Deaths	1	1
Maternal Mortality Rate, per 1,000 live		
and still births	1.05	1 .07
Maternal Mortality Rate for England and		
Wales	0.56	0 .64

Notes on Vital Statistics.

Live Births.

There were 930 births during the year, 452 males and 478 females, giving an adjusted birth rate of 16.0 per thousand population compared with a rate of 16.0 per thousand in 1955. The birth rate for England and Wales was 15.7.

Stillbirths.

Stillbirths totalled 25, or a rate of 26.0 per thousand live and still-births, as against 16 stillbirths or a rate of 17.1 during the previous year.

The stillbirth rate for England and Wales was 23.0.

Deaths.

Deaths during the year amounted to 781, or an adjusted rate of 13·1 per thousand population, as against 759 deaths with a rate of 12·0 during the previous year.

The death rate for England and Wales was 11 ·7.

Infant Mortality.

Deaths of infants under the age of one year totalled 24, making an infant mortality rate of 26 per thousand live births, as against 15 deaths with a rate of 16 during the previous year.

The infant mortality rate for England and Wales during this year was 23.8.

Neo-Natal Mortality.

Deaths of infants during the first four weeks of life totalled 20 the neo-natal mortality rate being 22. The figures for the previous year were 9 deaths, making a rate of 10.

Maternal Mortality.

There was I maternal death during the year.

The maternal mortality rate for the whole of England and Wales during the year was 0.56.

List of causes of Death in the Borough during the year 1956.

		1			
		Males	Females	Total	Rate
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory	5	1	6	0.10
2.	Tuberculosis, other forms	_			0.10
3.	Syphilitic disease	1	_	1	0.02
4.	Diphtheria				_
5.	Whooping Cough			_	
6.	Meningococcal infections	_			
7.	Acute poliomyelitis		_		
8.	Measles		_		_
9.	Other infective and parasitic diseases	2	1	3	0.05
10.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	5	13	18	0.31
11.	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	31	4	35	0 .60
12.	Malignant neoplasm, breast	_	8	8	0.14
13.	Malignant neoplasm, uterus		9	9	0.15
14. 15.	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	28	30	58	0.98
16.	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	1	1	2	0.03
17.	Diabetes	25	2 62	2	0.03
18.	Vascular lesions of nervous system	35 86	41	97 127	1 ·64 2 ·15
19.	Coronary disease, angina	17	19	36	0.61
20.	Other heart disease	46	84	130	2 ·21
21.	Other circulatory disease	15	20	35	0.60
22.	Influenza		20		0 00
23.	Pneumonia	17	26	43	0.72
24.	Bronchitis	37	16	53	0.90
25.	Other diseases of respiratory system	5	4	9	0.15
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	3	2	5	0.08
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	3	4	7	0.12
28.	Nephritis and nephrosis	4	5	9	0.15
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate	1	-	1	0.02
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion		1	1	0.02
31.	Congenital malformations	1	2	3	0.05
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	22	37	59	1 .00
33.	Motor vehicle accidents	2	1	3	0.05
34.	All other accidents	5	9	14	0.23
35.	Suicide	4	2	6	0.10
36.	Homicide and operations of war	1	_	1	0.02
	Tloming	377	404	781	*13 ·3
	Totals	311	404	701	

^{*}After adjustment by the comparability factor 0.99 this crude death rate of 13.3 becomes an adjusted death rate of 13.1.

	19	00	19	20	1940 Borough of	1956 Borough of
	Gt. Crosby	W'loo & Seaforth	Gt. Crosby	W''loo & Seaforth	Crosby	Crosby
Population .	7,974	22,500	14,605	30,233	54,280	58,820
	30,	474	44,	838		
Births	156	575	280	723	830	930
	73	1	10	03	030	
Birth Rate	19.61	23 .00	20 .6	23 · 91	15 •2	16.0
Deaths	100	305	133	421	752	781
	40	5	55	4		
Death Rate	12 · 57	12 · 20	9 ·8	14 -11	13 · 8	13 · 1
Deaths of Infants of Under 1 year of age	12	76	22	76	53	24
Deaths from: Diphtheria	_	3	1	8	7	_
Scarlet Fever	_	_	1	2	_	_
Cancer	3	5	17	45	92	130
Heart Disease	;	24	12	27	178	293
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	?	24	11	18	29	6

1	Live	Births	Dea		Stillb	irthe	Mate	enol	1:	nfant Me	rtality
			(all ca	uses)	Othit	II CIIS	Mort		Tot	al	Nco-
	No. regis- tered	Rate per 1,000 pop'n	No. regis- tered	Rate per 1,000 pop'n	No. regis- tered	Rate per 1,000 total births	No. of deaths regis- tered	Rate per 1,000 total births	No. of deaths regis- tered	Rate per 1,000 live births	No. of deaths regis- tered
Year 1956	930	16.0	781	13 · 1	25	26	1	1 .05	24	26	20
1955	920	16.0	759	12.0	16	17	1	1 .07	15	16	9
1954 1953	866 893	15·0 15·8	711 737	11 · 3	18 23	20 25	Nil 3	Nil 3 · 28	23 23	26 26	17 15
1952	038	10.6	761	12.3	18	19	Nil	Nil	26	28	13
1951	863	14.7	840	14.3	24	27	Nil	Nil	30	35	23
Average of the five years, 1951/55	_	15 ·24		12 · 36	_	22	_	0 .87		26	

	Population		Deaths Re	s Regis	stered i	gistered in the Borough in	oroug	h in	selected years since	ed ye	ars	since	its F	its Formation	tion	
Yea	Registrar				Death	Death	Deaths	Death Rafe	I Poir-	Rate	Illegi	Rate		Deaths	Deaths from :	
	Estimate	Male	Female	Total	per 1000 est. pop. Crosby	per 1000 pop. England & Wales	Infants under 1 year of age			1000 legit. births		1000 illegi- timate births	Pul- monary Tuber- culosis	Zymotic Cancer Diseases	Cancer	Heart
1937	55,580	359	352	711	12.7	12.4	47	99	44	53	3	130	35	14	86	159
1940	54,280	365	387	752	13.8	14.3	53	64	47	59	9	153	29	∞	92	178
1945	53,670	364	372	736	13.7	11.4	39	42	33	42	9	81	35	2	123	222
1950	59,720	381	417	798	12.6	11.6	31	34	31	35	0	0	25	-	145	250
1955	58,080	356	403	759	12.0	111.7	15	16	14	16	1	30	14		130	260
1956	58,820	377	404	781	13.1	111.7	24	26	21	23	2	91	9	3	130	293

General Provision of Health Services in the Area.

HOSPITALS.

There is only one small general hospital in the Borough, but patients requiring hospital treatment, including those suffering from infectious

disease, are admitted to other hospitals in adjoining areas.

No difficulty has been experienced in securing the prompt removal of infectious cases, and in general there has not been excessive delay in obtaining beds. The old "chronic sick" patient, however, presents a serious problem. Crowded hospitals are naturally reluctant to admit such cases, and much hardship is thereby caused, not only to the sufferers, but to their relations and friends. The changing age-structure of the population is likely to accentuate this difficulty in future years.

Ambulance Facilities.

The Lancashire County Council are now responsible for all Ambulance facilities in the Borough. During the year, modern, elaborately equipped vehicles have been in use and staff expansion has taken place; these changes have been reflected in the satisfactory service given to a greatly increased number of patients.

CLINIC AND TREATMENT CENTRES.

School and Maternity and Child Welfare Services are now provided for the Borough by the Lancashire County Council, and administered locally by a Divisional Health Committee, on which Crosby has six representatives.

Clinics are held as follows:—

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE

- 1. Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinics.
 Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo,
 Wednesday afternoons.
- 2. Child Welfare Clinics.
 - (a) Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo, Monday and Wednesday afternoons.
 - (b) Seaforth Clinic, St. Thomas' Parish Church Hall, Seaforth, Wednesday afternoons.
 - (c) Crosby Clinic, Alexandra Hall, Crosby, Tuesday and Thursday afternoons.
 - (d) Moorside Clinic, Moorside Park Pavilion, Moorside Road, Crosby. Monday afternoons.

3 Immunisation Clinics.

- (a) Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo, first Friday afternoon each month.
- (b) Crosby Clinic, Alexandra Hall, Crosby, second Friday afternoon each month.
- (c) Seaforth Clinic, St. Thomas' Parish Church Hall, Seaforth, third Friday afternoon each month.
- (d) Moorside Clinic, fourth Monday afternoon each month.

4. Artificial Sunlight Clinic.

Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo, Tuesday and Friday afternoons during winter months.

SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICES.

1. Minor Ailments Clinics.

- (a) Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo, for treatment—every morning. for consultation with Doctor—Friday mornings.
- (b) Seaforth Clinic, St. Thomas' Parish Church Hall, Seaforth, for consultation with Doctor—Monday mornings,
- (c) Crosby Clinic, Alexandra Hall, Crosby, for consultation with Doctor—Wednesday mornings.

2. Dental Clinics.

- (a) Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo.
- (b) Crosby Clinic, Alexandra Hall, Crosby. Full-time staff in attendance, by appointment, at both centres.

3. Orthodontic Clinic.

Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo, Thursday mornings by appointment.

4. Ophthalmic Clinic.

Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo.

Monday afternoons and Wednesday mornings.

- 5. Ear, Nose and Throat Consultant Clinic.
 - (a) Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo,
 Mornings of second and fourth Tuesdays in
 each month.
 Extra sessions when required.
 - (b) Operative treatment,
 John Bagot Hospital, Netherfield Road,
 Liverpool. Wednesday afternoons.
- 6. Artificial Sunlight Clinic.

Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo, Tuesday and Friday afternoons during winter months.

7. Orthopaedic Clinic.

Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo, Thursday afternoons, Friday mornings and afternoons. Consultant's Session—morning of fourth Friday

in each month.

8. Orthoptic Clinic.

Waterloo Clinic, Prince Street, Waterloo, Monday mornings and afternoons, Wednesday and Friday mornings.

OTHER SERVICES.

9. Tuberculosis Clinic.

The Dispensary, "Ellesmere," Crosby Road North, Waterloo. By appointment.

- 10. Venereal Disease Clinic.
 - (a) Bootle General Hospital, Derby Road, Bootle.
 - (b) Liverpool Hospitals.

BACTERIOLOGICAL WORK

All specimens requiring bacteriological examination are submitted to Professor Robinson, Director, Public Health Laboratory Liverpool.

WATER SUPPLY

The Liverpool Corporation supply the whole of the Borough with water excellent in quality and adequate in quantity, drawn chiefly from Lake Vyrnwy in North Wales. All houses are served from the public mains.

The water is purified by slow sand filtration, and afterwards treated with chlorine. Samples are regularly examined by the Liverpool City Bacteriologist, with uniformly satisfactory results.

No difficulties due to plumbo-solvent action have been experienced.

SCAVENGING

This work is carried out by Corporation workmen under the supervision of a Cleansing Superintendent directed by the Borough Engineer.

The main roads are cleansed daily, other roads at less frequent intervals—at least once weekly. The district is therefore kept in a clean and tidy state, the whole of the 82 miles of roads with their passages receiving regular attention. A mechanical street-sweeper and gully-emptier are now in use.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948—Section 47.

With the co-operation of medical practitioners in the district and the duly authorised officer, it has been possible to secure the removal of all cases found to be in need of care and attention, without recourse to the procedure laid down in Section 47 of the Act.

Statistics of births and infant deat	ths duri	ng 1956.	
Statistics of off the area	Male	Female	
Legitimate births	438	459	897
Illegitimate births	14	19	33
Total live births	452	478	930
Live birth rate—adjusted (per 1,000 of popu-			
lation)			. 16.0
Legitimate stillbirths	16	8	24
Illegitimate stillbirths		l	1
Total stillbirths	16	9	25
Stillbirth rate (per 1,000 live and still births)			26 .0
Deaths of infants under one year of age.			
Legitimate	10	11	21
Illegitimate	2	1	3
Total deaths	12	12	24
Infant Mortality Rates.			
Legitimate infants (per 1,000 legitimate livebirt	hs)		. 23
Illegitimate infants (per 1,000 illegitimate livebi	rths)		. 91
All infants (per 1,000 live births)			. 26
Neo-Natal Mortality.			
Deaths of infants under four weeks of age—			
Legitimate	8	9	17
Illegitimate	2	1	3
Neo-Natal Mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)			. 22
Maternal mortality rate (per 1,000 live and still	births)		. 1.05
LIVE BIRTHS AND STILLBIRTHS SINCE FORMA	TION OF	THE BOROUG	GH.

Year	Population	Males	Females	Legit- imate	lllegit- imate	Total	Live Birth Rate	Still- Births	Still- Birth Rate
1937	55,580	443	396	816	23	839	15.0	41	46
1938	55,780	417	382	770	29	799	14 · 3	32	38
1939	55,690	378	371	721	28	749	13 .4	33	42
1940	54,280	423	407	791	39	830	15 .2	7	8
1941	51,290	413	369	737	45	782	15 .2	25	30
1942	53,010	492	436	876	52	928	17 .5	39	40
1943	52,160	491	488	914	65	979	18.7	34	33
1944	52,800	553	508	984	77	1061	20 .0	35	31
1945	53,670	473	450	849	74	923	17 · 1	19	20
1946	57,540	566	497	1013	50	1063	18 -4	22	20
1947	58,170	571	563	1081	53	1134	19 .4	32	27
1948	59,060	515	494	963	46	1009	17.0	25	24
1949	59,400	486	431	886	31	917	15 .4	25	27
1950	59,720	466	452	883	35	918	15 .8	23	24
1951	58,580	432	431	821	42	863	15 · 2	24	27
1952	58,270	488	450	889	49	938	16.6	18	19
1953	58,160	488	405	860	33	893	15 ·8	23	
1954	58,100	443	423	836	30	866	15.0	18	25
1955	58,080	472	415	887	33	920			20
1956	58,820	452	478	897	33		16.0	16	17
					33	930	16 .0	25	26

Causes of death of infants under one year of age.

Causes of death	Total	Under 1 wk.	1-4 wks.	1-3 mths.	3-6 mths.	6-9 mths.	9-12 mths.
Prematurity	4	4					
Haemolytic disease	1 2	1		_	_	_	_
Cerebral haemorrhage	7 2	7					
Atelectasis	4	4	_				
Uraemia	1	_	_	1	_		
Totals	24	19	1	2	1		1

This total of 24 deaths makes an infant mortality rate of 26 per 1,000 live births. The 20 deaths of infants less than one month old makes a neo-natal mortality rate of 22 per 1,000 live births.

Deaths of infants under one year of age since formation of the Borough.

Year	L	egitir	nate	I	llegit	imate	Total Deaths	Morta-		tality
TCal	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total	Deaths	Rate	Deaths	Rate
1937	24	20	44	2	1	3	47	56		_
1938	24	17	41	3	3	6	47	58		_
1939	25	18	43	3	7	10	53	70		—
1940	24	23	47	5	1	6	53	64	_	—
1941	34	23	57	6	3	9	66	87	_	_
1942	28	25	53	1	3	4	57	61	_	
1943	25	16	41	6	3	9	50	51	_	_
1944	23	25	48	8	2	10	58	54	_	_
1945	19	14	33	3	3	6	39	42	28	30
1946	30	21	51	3	3	6	57	53	35	33
1947	33	22	55	6	4	10	65	57	31	27
1948	21	18	39	_	1	1	40	39	23	23
1949	18	16	34		2	2	36	39	25	27
1950	15	16	31		- 1		31	34	24	26
1951	14	15	29	1	-	1	30	35	23	27
1952	14	11	25	1	—	1	26	28	13	14
1953	11	9	20	1	2	3	23	26	15	17
1954	11	10	21	2		2	23	26	17	20
1955	8	6	14		1	1	15	16	9	10
1956	10	11	21	2	1	3	24	26	20	22

MATERNAL MORTALITY.

There was one maternal death during the year.

The maternal mortality rate for the whole of England and Wales was 0.56.

SECTION 4 INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

During the year 224 samples of food and drugs were purchased and submitted for analysis. 75 were formal and 149 were informal samples. Full details are given in the following table.

Article	N	o. examin	ed	or othe	adultera rwise givi irregulari	ng rise ity	No. of Vendors Warned	Inform- ations laid
	Formal	Informal	Total	Formal	Informal	Total	Warned	laiu
Antiseptic throat		1						
lozenges	_	1	1	_	-	_	_	_
Apple jelly		I	1	—		_		_
Asparagus soup		1	1	_	_	—		_
Aspirin tablets		I	1	_	_	_		_
Baked beans		1	1	_	_	_	_	_
Baking powder		1	1	_				_
Bicarbonate of soda	_	1	1	_	1	1	_	_
Blackcurrant pie Braised kidneys		1	1					
Braised kidneys Breakfast cereal		1	1					
Butter		2	2					
,, fudge	_	ī	ī	_	1	1	1	
Buttered bon bons	_	i	i	_		_		
Caffeine tablets	_	1	î		_	_		_
Cake decorations	—	2	2	_	_	_	_	_
", mixture	_	3	3	_				_
Canned beef sausages	_	1	1	_	- 1	_	_	_
,, cherries	_	1	1	_	_	—	_	_
" luncheon meat		1	1	_	_	_	-	_
", orange juice …	_	1	1	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_
,, rice pudding ,, steak& kidney	_	1	1	_	- 1	_	_	_
pudding	_	1	1		j.			
atuMad manle		1	1		- 1	_		_
roll	_	1	1		_ 1	_	(
Carraway seeds	_	î	î	_	_ \	_		
Cashews	_	1	1	_	_ [_	_	_
Celery	—	1	1	_	1	1	_	_
Cheese	_	1	1	_	—	_	_	_
" spread		1	1	_	-	_	_	_
Chartest appeal		1	1	_	- 1	_	_	_
Chestnut spread	_	1	1	_	_	_		_
Chocolate confectionery		1	1	_	- 1	_	_	_
,, flavouring		1	2 2	1	1	2		_
Chopped chicken		1	1	1	1			
Cockles in vinegar		î	1					
Cod fillets	-	i	î	_				
Colouring	_	1	1	_	_	_		_
Compound syrup of figs	-	1	1	—		_	_	_
Cooking crumbs		1	1	_	_	_	_	_
cornflour	_	I	1	—	_	—		_
Cornflour	_	I	1	-	_	—	_	_
,, sterilized		I	I	_	_	_		_
Creamed mushrooms		1	1	_	_	_		_
,, rice		1	1		_	_		
Curry paste		1	1	_			_	_
Carried Forward	1	51	52	1	4	5	1	

Article	No	o. examin	ed	or other	. adultera rwise givi irregular	ng rise	No. of Vendors	
	Formal	Informal	Total	Formal	Informal	Total	Warned	laid
Brought forward	. 1	51	52	1	4	5	1	
Cyder vinegar		1	2	1	1	2	-	
Danish butter Dessicated coconut		1 1	1 1	_	_	_		_
Energy tablets	. 1	2	3	1	1	2	-	_
Essence of cinnamon	·	1	1	_			_	_
(peppermint)	—	1	1	_		_	_	_
Fish dressing		1	1 1		_	_		_
French mustard Fruit cake	•	1	1	_		_		_
,, chutney	. —	1	1	_	- 1	<u> </u>		_
,, wafers Full cream milk food	_	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$	1	_		_		
Gelatine	. —	ī	ī		_	_	_	_
Ginger wine essence		1 1	1 1			_		_
Glace cherries Glucose beverage	٠	1	1		_	_	_	_
Ground almonds	. —	2	2	<u> </u>	_	_		
" ginger	-	2	2	_				
Ham and tongue meat paste	. —	1	1	_	_		<u> </u>	—
Honey	. —	2	2			_		_
Honey sandwich spread Horseradish sauce		1 1	1 1			_	_	<u> </u>
Icing and dessert								
dressings		$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$	1 1					_
Icing sugar Jam centre mallow		1	1					
creams	. —	1	1 2	_				_
Lard Lemonade crystals		2	1			_	_	_
Lemon cheese		1	1	_	_	_	_	
" flavour crystals	_	1	1			_		_
" juice " juice with	-	1	1					
preservative .	—	1	1		_		_	_
Liquid fruit pectin .		1 1	1 1			_	_	-
Lobster fish paste Macaroni		2	2	_	_	-	_	
Mango chutney	—	1	1 1					- •
Margarine		1 2	2	_	_	_	_	_
Marzipan cake	• •						_	_
decorations	—	1 1	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$			_	_	_
Meat pie Meat tenderizing salt		2	2	_	_	-	_	
Milk	72	3	75	_				
" chocolate covered		1	1	_	_	1 -	_	_
minced chicken	=	1	1	_	_	V =		
Mint sauce	—	1	1 1				_	-
Mixed peel		1					1	
Carried Forward	75	106	181	3	6	9	1	

Article		o. examine		or other	. adultera rwise giv irregulari	ing rise	No. of Vendors Warned	Inform- ations laid
	Formal	Informal	Total	Formal	Informal	Total		
	1 0111141							
					,)	_	4	
Brought forward	75	106	181	3	6	9	1	
Mixed spice	_	2	2	_	_	_	_	
Mushroom soup powder	_	1	1) —	_	_	_	
Oatmeal		1 1	1	_				
Olive oil		1	1					_
Orange crush		1	1		_		_	_
,, curd	_	1	i	_	_		_	_
,, flavoured crystals Pancake mixture		î	î	_	_	_	_	_
Parsley sauce		2	2	_	_	_	_	_
Pork luncheon meat		1	1		_	_	_	_
Potted meat		1	1	_	_	-	-	<u> </u>
Prepared rice	_	1	1	_	_	_	—	_
Pudding mixture	. —	1	1	_	_	_	_	_
Puff pastry	. —	1	1	_	_	_	_	_
Raspberry flavoured		1	3					
crystals	. —	1 1	1					
Saffron		1	1					_
Sardines		1	1			_	_	_
Sauce Sedative tablets	•	1	i	k —	_	_	_	_
Semolina		i	i	_	_	_	_	_
Shredded beef suet		1	1	l —	_	_	_	_
Shrimps		2	2	U —	_	<u> </u>	_	-
Silver dragees		1	1	<u> </u>	_	_	-	_
Smoked trout pate		1	1	_	_	_	// —	_
Smoked trout savoury		1	1	_		_	-	
Spiced savoury		1	1	_	_			
Stoned raisins Strawberry flavoured	. —	1	1	_	_			
filling		1	0 1	1 _	_		-	_
Sugar confectionery		î	î	_	_	_	_	_
Table water		i	î	_	-	_	_	_
Tonic tablets		2	2	_	_	_	_	_
Tea	. —	3	3	_	_	-	_	_
Treacle	. –	1	1	_	_	-	_	_
Unsweetened meringue			1			1		
mix	—	1	1	_	\ -	-	-	
Vitamin tablets	—	1	1			_	_	1 -
Weaning food Yeast, protein and		1	1		_			
chicken preparation		1	1	N L		1	1	1
emeken preparation		1	1	4				
Total	75	149	224	3	6	9	1	

Of the 224 samples taken and submitted for analysis, nine, or 4.02% of the total, were reported as falling short of the required standard composition, as being definitely adulterated, or giving rise to irregularities. Details of these are set out in the following table.

	Type of Nature of adulteration Observations Article	yder Vinegar Informal Incorrectly labelled Correspondence with manufacturers' solicitors led to unsatisfactory conclusion. See No. 94.	nergy Tablets Informal Deficient in Vitamin C An amended 'dated' label, has now been adopted by manufacturers.	Do. Formal Do.	Syder Vinegar Formal Incorrectly labelled. Manufacturers agreed that in future no claim as to mineral content would be made.	Bi-carbonate of soda Informal Impure due to rust dropping from lid. Only remaining tin destroyed.	Sutter Fudge Informal Deficient in butter fat. Manufacturers Warned.	Selery Informal Unfit for human consumption owing to destroyed.	Choc. Flavouring Informal Incorrectly labelled.	Do. Formal Do.
	Article	Cyder Vinegar	Energy Tablets	Do.	Cyder Vinegar	Bi-carbonate of	Butter Fudge	Celery	Choc. Flavour	Do.
1	Serial No.	61	63	73	94	109	146	186	190	205

LANCASHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (GENERAL POWERS) ACT 1951.

Section 14 of this Act, which has been adopted by the Corporation, provides for the registration of hawkers of food and premises used by them for storage. These premises are regularly inspected, and all practicable control is exercised over the hawkers themselves.

ICE CREAM.

All premises at which ice-cream is manufactured or sold were regularly inspected, 345 visits being made during the year.

In addition, 60 samples were taken for bacteriological examination. Samples were submitted to a methylene blue reduction test, and divided into four grades, in accordance with a provisional grading system recommended by the Ministry of Health. As a working basis, the Ministry have suggested that 50% of the samples from any one source should fall into grade 1, 80% into grades 1 and 2, and none into grade 4. No claims for the infallibility of this test are made by the Ministry, but it forms a useful adjunct to regular inspection, and helps the Public Health Inspectors to concentrate their efforts on endeavouring to improve the technique of the less satisfactory producers and retailers.

When sampling ice-cream it is the Public Health Inspectors' practice to devote special attention to the less satisfactory sources of supply, and to take immediate 'repeat' samples when the original sample is placed in grade 3 or 4.

Sixty samples were submitted to the 'methylene blue' test and of these 45 were placed in grade one, 8 in grade two, 7 in grade three, and none in grade four.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

The inspection of food premises is carried out by the Public Health Inspectors, all of whom possess the necessary qualifications. Shops, vehicles and premises where food is prepared, stored, conveyed or sold are kept under constant supervision.

In carrying out this work the following inspections were made: Butchers' Shops, 272 inspections.

Other Food Shops, Vehicles and Premises, 1,520 inspections.

MILK SUPPLY.

There are in the Borough five cowkeepers and eighty-five distributors of milk, which is also retailed by ten processors from other districts.

The visits of inspection made during the year numbered 311. None of the 8 samples of milk taken in the Borough and submitted for examination was found to contain tubercle bacilli.

CLEANLINESS OF MILK SUPPLY.

The standard of cleanliness adopted by the Corporation is that prescribed by the Ministry. 145 samples of milk were submitted for bacteriological examination during the year, and of these 139, or 96 per cent, reached the required standard of cleanliness. None of the pasteurised milks failed the phosphatase test.

Particulars of samples failing to reach the required standard were forwarded to the Chief Milk Production Officer to the Lancashire Agriculture Executive Committee, and where the sample had been obtained from local dairymen, the dairies were specially visited also.

The table below gives in detail the results of all samples taken during the year:—

Total		Grade of M	ilk Sampled	
Number of Samples	т.т.	Pasteurised	T.T. pasteurised	Sterilised
145	8	79	45 .	13

Results	Number of samples submitted to test	Number satisfactory	Number unsatisfactory
Methylene Blue Test	132	126	6
Phosphatase Test	124	124	
Turbidity Test	13	13	_
Inoculation Test	8	8	_

MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATIONS) REGULATIONS, 1949—1953.

The Corporation granted 'dealers' licences to 25 purveyors of tuberculin tested milk, 53 purveyors of pasteurised milk and 68 purveyors of sterilised milk. In addition, supplementary licences were granted to five purveyors of tuberculin tested milk, eight purveyors of pasteurised milk, and five purveyors of sterilized milk, to retail within the Borough from dairies in neighbouring areas.

UNSOUND FOOD.

During the year 981 containers or packages of food, and bulk foods weighing 17cwts 3qrs 9½lbs. were found to be unfit for human consumption and voluntarily surrendered.

BAKEHOUSES.

At the end of 1956 there were 19 bakehouses in the Borough, 1 of these being a basement bakehouse. All bakehouses were inspected, and generally found to be maintained in a clean and satisfactory condition, 65 visits being made during the year.

In several instances bakehouses were noticed to be in need of cleansing and limewashing, and on notifying the occupier the matter was promptly remedied. Various minor defects were noted and on intimation were subsequently rectified.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 54 of the Factories Act 1937, a Certificate of Suitability is in existence in respect of the basement bakehouse.

Prevalence and Control of Infectious Diseases.

During the year 1956 456 cases of infectious disease were notified.

The corrected total of confirmed cases amounted to 456 as against 1319 the previous year. The subsequent tables give details of age groups, deaths, &c.

398 visits were made by the Public Health Inspectors for the purpose of investigating certain cases of infectious disease.

Disinfection was carried out at premises where infectious diseases occurred, 72 houses being treated during the year. In addition, 877 articles of clothing, bedding, &c., and 108 library books were removed and treated at the disinfecting station.

The Lancashire County Council Divisional Education Officer and principals at the schools were notified of occurrences concerning school children, and the Public Libraries Department was notified of all cases.

SCARLET FEVER.

There were 22 confirmed cases of scarlet fever, compared with 44 the previous year. Three cases were removed to hospital; there were no deaths. Whooping Cough.

103 cases of whooping cough were recorded, compared with 345 the previous year. One of these cases was removed to hospital; there were no deaths.

DIPHTHERIA.

There were no confirmed cases during 1956, and none was recorded the previous year. No deaths from this disease have been recorded in the Borough since 1944.

MEASLES.

290 cases were recorded during the year, compared with 804 the previous year. Three cases were removed to hospital; no deaths were recorded.

MENINGOCOCCAL INFECTION.

There were two confirmed cases during the year, compared with one the previous year. These cases were removed to hospital. There were no deaths.

POLIOMYELITIS.

There were two paralytic cases and one non-paralytic case during the year, compared with four paralytic cases the previous year. Two of these cases were removed to hospital.

DYSENTERY.

5 cases were confirmed during the year, compared with 89 the previous year. There were no deaths.

FOOD POISONING.

No cases were notified during the year.

Table of Infectious Diseases (other than Tuberculosis) Notified during 1956.

Total	deaths.		
No.	to Hosp.	10 10 00 11 11 11 11 11 12 13 14 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	2
	Age Un- known	-	
	over 65 yrs.		3
	45-65 yrs.	4	
	25-45 yrs.	- «	
.sďi	15-25 yrs.	- - -	-
Age Groups.	10-15 yrs.	4 1 1 1 1 1 2	71
Ag	5-10 yrs.	38 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	COA
	3+4 yrs.	33.2	117
	1+2 yrs.	02 83 72	100
	Under I yr.	1= 10 %	67
Total No.	of cases after correction	22 103 290 21 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	004
Number	or cases originally notified	22 103 290 290 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 10	400
	Nouficable Discases.	Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria, including Measles Acute Pneumonia, Primary or Influenzal Meningococcal Infection Acute Poliomyelitis— paralytic non-paralytic non-paralytic post-infectious Dysentery Ophthalmia Neonatorum Puerperal Pyrexia Smallpox Paratyphoid Fevers Enteric or Typhoid Fever Food Poisoning Erysipelas Malaria Cholera Plague Typhus Fever Relapsing Fever Relapsing Fever	I OTALS

Monthly Analysis of Infectious Diseases (other than Tuberculosis) notified during 1956.

Disease.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
Scarlet Fever	-	1	1	3	I	4	-	7	-	8	6	7	22
Whooping Cough	2	I	5	n	9	18	17	19	2	2	∞	18	103
Measles	5	3	1	1	ı	2	7	00	∞	12	57	188	290
Acute Pneumonia—primary or influenzal	2	_	4	1	3	I	2	2		2	_	-	21
Meningococcal Infection	1	1	ı	ı	1	I	1	I	1	I	_	1	2
Poliomyelitis—paralytic	I	I	ı	l	I	I	I	l	1		-	_	2
" non-paralytic	1		I	1	I	1	1	1	l	ı	-	I	1
Dysentery	60	-	l	l	l	l	1	1	1	I	ı	I	2
Typhoid Fever	1	1	1	l	l	I	1	ı	-1	I	I	1	1
Food Poisoning	1	l	I	l	I	I	ı	1	1	1	1	I	1
Erysipelas	4	1	2	-	1	1	l	I	1	I	1	-	6
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	1	I	1	I	ı	I	1	I	-	ļ	I	-
TOTALS	21	7	12	7	6	25	28	31	11	23	72	210	456

Infectious Diseases recorded in selected years since the formation of the Borough.

Diseases	1937	1940	1945	1950	1955	1956
Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Memb. Croup Measles Pneumonia—primary or influenzal Meningococcal Infection Poliomyelitis—acute Encephalitis—acute Dysentery Ophthalmia Neonatorum Puerperal Pyrexia Smallpox Paratyphoid Fevers Enteric or Typhoid Fever Food Poisoning Erysipelas Malaria Cholera Plague Typhus Fever Relapsing Fever	- - 4 1 - 7 - 20 -	109 26 103 893 74 17 2 1 — 19 6 — 5 — 32 1 — — —	140 22 40 145 26 4 1 - 1 2 1 - 2 1 7 1 - 1 - 1	120 155 — 779 26 3 6 1 1 — 1 — 1 20 1 —	44 345 - 804 25 1 4 - 89 - 2 - - - - - - -	22 103 - 290 21 2 3 - 5 - 1 - - - 9 - -
Totals	581	1288	402	1114	1319	456

Deaths from Infectious Diseases in selected Years since the Formation of the Borough.

Diseases	1937	1940	1945	1950	1955	1956
Scarlet Fever	_	_		_	_	_
Whooping Cough	4			_	_	_
Diphtheria	5	7		_	_	_
Measles	2	_		_		
Pneumonia (all forms)	34	23	22	33	40	43
Meningococcal Infection	2	1	2	_		_
Poliomyelitis		1	_	_		
Encephalitis	1	1		_	_	
Dysentery		_	_		_	_
Paratyphoid Fevers	_		_	_		
Enteric or Typhoid Fever	_		_	_		
Totals	48	33	24	33	40	43

Diphtheria Immunisation.

As in previous years, treatment for immunisation against diphtheria continued to be available within the Borough during 1956, and was carried out by the Lancashire County Council.

Diphtheria immunisation is now commonly combined with immunisation against whooping cough. Three injections of the combined prophylactic at monthly intervals, are given commencing at the age of 5-6 months.

Immunisation against Diphtheria only is available for those who want it.

Details of treatment carried out during the year are given below.

Diphtheria Immunisation	Under 5 yrs.	5-15 yrs.	Total
Number of children who have completed a full course of treatment during the year 1956	597	182	779
Number of children given a re- inforcement injection during the year 1956	13	1,060	1,073
Estimated number of children who have completed a full course of treatment by the end of the year 1956	2,690	6,773	9,463

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

		Total number of	S	1956—2,690.					Total number of	, F	at >c						29	
1956	370	163	30	25	6	21	37	30	25	11	13	20	11	3	5	9	779	
1955	351	249	54	36	43	50	62	22	20	10	œ	9	4	7	3	1	921	
1954	247	307	65	36	30	85	71	44	42	24	36	18	14	13	15	4	1051	
1953	272	223	54	34	23	99	47	33	22	19	13	19	3	2	3	4	827	
1952	217	246	41	32	25	39	16	6	9	4	2	7	8	2	3	4	661	
1951	271	314	37	32	13	39	17	2	4	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	736	
1950	251	268	33	26	21	40	17	17	11	11	8	2	7	3	2	9	723	
1949	237	358	29	35	30	98	105	84	84	63	99	99	46	32	27	10	1396	
1948	26	477	127	32	32	34	18	9	9	2	1	1	1	1	1	7	764	
1947	57	314	55	13	24	16	12	15	7	5	4	4	3	2	5	3	539	
1946	26	361	51	52	33	20	14	10	4	∞	9	1	3	3	1	1	592	
1945	2	299	162	92	34	32	31	11	9	2	7	2	2	2	1	1	699	
1944	5	210	110	30	34	24	37	27	13	17	21	12	13	15	9	1	572	
1943	1	180	98	41	37	75	35	31	30	36	37	46	46	17	12	24	734	
1942	20	229	160	145	154	205	170	133	136	120	131	113	106	103	31	1	1957	
1934-41	63	317	326	404	374	452	304	235	329	184	222	182	265	157	95	148	4057	
Age	1	1+	2+	3+	+ 4	5+	+9	1+	+ 8	+6	10+	11+	12+	13+	14+	15+		

Tuberculosis.

In accordance with the Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations 1952, 68 new cases were registered during the year. 62 were pulmonary and 6 were non-pulmonary cases.

A total of 6 deaths from tuberculosis was recorded, and these cases were removed from the register.

Classified details of new cases and deaths are given in the table below.

The Liverpool Regional Hospital Board are responsible for the diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis within the Borough; after-care services are provided by the Lancashire County Council. Good co-operation exists between this Department and the local Chest Clinic.

		New	CASES				DEAT	HS		
Age Groups	Pulm	onary	Pulm		Total	Pulm	onary		on- onary	Total
	M.	F.	М.	F.		М.	F.	М.	F.	
0+	• • •								• • •	
1+		• • •		• • •	• • •					
2+	1			• • •	1	• • •			• • •	• •
5+	2				2					
10+	2	1			3					
15+	2	2	1		5		• • •			
20+	4	7	1		12					
25+	7	9		1	17		1			1
35+	6	4	1		11					
45+	5	2	1		8	2				2
55+	5	1	1		7	1				1
65+	2				2	2				2
75+	•••	• • •				• • •	• • •			• • •
Totals	36	26	5	1	68	5	1	•••		6

Incidence of Tuberculosis in Crosby since the Formation of the Borough.

Years		New Cases	1	Deaths from Tuberculosis			
	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	Total	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	Total	
1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956	66 58 53 71 77 70 73 84 68 96 68 70 95 103 82 123 86 99 60 62	19 20 23 12 18 15 20 20 16 13 14 9 10 8 11 14 9 5	85 78 76 83 95 85 93 104 84 109 82 79 105 111 93 137 95 104 62 68	35 35 26 41 47 40 40 36 36 47 41 36 28 35 28 15 21 12 14 6	6 4 5 5 12 4 2 8 3 7 4 4 4 4 4 - 2 3 1 1	41 39 31 46 59 44 42 44 39 54 45 40 32 35 30 18 22 13 14 6	

Shops Act, 1950.

The Act came into operation on 1st October, 1950, but as a consolidating measure only, making no change in the existing legislation.

Under the Act the routine inspection of shops was continued during 1956, a total of 1520 inspections being made during the year. Defects and contraventions discovered were referred to the persons responsible. These matters received prompt attention and were dealt with informally.

At the end of the year there were 952 occupied shops on the register; there are very few empty shops in the area.

THE PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951.

This Act confers upon Local Authorities power to licence and control pet shops. All shops in the Borough where animals are sold are inspected and in licensing such premises the Council have imposed conditions designed to secure the comfort and humane treatment of the animals concerned.

PETROLEUM REGULATIONS.

Thirty-nine premises were licensed during the year for the storage of petrol. 19 of these premises were filling stations; in the remaining cases petrol was stored only for use in the Licensee's vehicles.

One licence was issued for the storage of lighter fuel, one for the storage of cellulose thinners, and one for the storage of carbide of calcium.

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948.

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health.

		Number of		
Premises	Number on Register	In- spections	Written Notices	
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	34	76		
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	116	214	3	
(iii) Other Premises in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	21	72	_	
TOTAL	171	362	3	

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

	Nu	Number of cases in which Prosecu-			
Particulars	Found	Remedied		By H.M. Inspector	tions were In stituted
Want of cleanliness (S.1.)	6	6		_	
Overcrowding (S.2.)					
Unreasonable temperature (S.3.)	_	_	_	_	
Inadequate ventilation (S.4.)	_	_	_	_	_
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6.)	_	_	_	_	_
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7.) (a) Insufficient	1	1	_	_	
(b) Unsuitable or defective	13	11	_	1	
(c) Not separate for sexes	_	_	_	_	_
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	2	2	_	_	
TOTAL	22	20		1	

HOME WORKERS

Occupiers of factories from which work of certain kinds is given out are compelled to keep a list of outworkers employed by them, and to send a copy of the list to the Local Authority in February and August of each year. No such lists were received during 1956.

Housing and Environmental Hygiene.

NUMBER OF NEW HOUSES ERECTED DURING THE YEAR

(a).	Total248
	1. By the Local Authority172
	2. By other Local Authorities
	3. By other bodies or persons
	4. War-damaged houses re-builtNil
(b).	With State Assistance under the Housing Acts:—
	 By the Local Authority By other bodies or persons Nil
	2. By other bodies of persons

INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT

During the year 7,699 premises in the Borough were inspected.

To secure the abatement of nuisances found during these inspections, 1,424 preliminary notices were served upon owners and occupiers. Cases in which these notices were not complied with were reported to the Health Committee, upon whose order 426 statutory notices were served.

Premises were visited while work was in progress with the object of ensuring that the nuisances were satisfactorily abated, the number of such re-inspections being 4,723. 4,312 nuisances were discovered and 3,920 abated during the year.

There were two prosecutions for failing to comply with statutory notices under the Public Health Act, 1936. Each defendant was ordered to execute the necessary work and to pay a fine of £2 with £1.1.0 costs.

Intimations were sent to the Borough Engineer's Department on 53 occasions regarding the following matters noted during inspections of the district.

Choked or damaged gullies and sewers	19
	0
Defective paving and pathways	7
	3
Removal of refuse and debris	,
D 11 11 111	19
Dangerous walls and buildings	17
Miscellaneous matters	3
wuscellaneous matters	

INSPECTION OF DWELLING-HOUSES DURING THE YE	EAR
1. (a). Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	3,167
(b). Number of inspections made for the purpose	7,890
2. (a). Number of dwelling-houses (included under (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	_
(b). Number of inspections made for the purpose	_
3. Number of houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	38
4. Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of (3) above) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	1,424
REMEDY OF DEFECTS WITHOUT SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES	
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	1.023
ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS	
Proceedings under Public Health Acts :	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	426
(2). Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:—	
(a). By owners	441
(b). By Local Authority in default of owners	
Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of Housing Act, 1936:—	
(1). Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	4
(2). Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	6
HOUSING REPAIRS AND RENTS ACT, 1954.	
Twenty-two applications for Certificates of Disrepair were red during the year, and certificates were issued in eighteen cases.	ceived

OVERCROWDING

Though the Local Authority have erected 172 houses during the year, this has had little visible effect on overcrowding. Many distressing cases are still encountered, and the problem is likely to be with us for some years to come.

OFFENSIVE TRADES AND FISH FRIERS.

There are no premises in the Borough at which offensive trades are carried on.

There were 22 fish frying establishments on the register at the end of 1956. 71 visits of inspection were made during the year and in all cases the premises were found to be maintained in a clean and satisfactory condition. Minor matters discovered in inspections were all remedied informally.

REMOVAL OF HOUSE REFUSE.

This work is carried out under the direction of the Borough Engineer

and supervised by the Cleansing Superintendent.

The removal of household refuse throughout the Borough is effected by means of mechanised vehicles. In Little Crosby Village, where the closet and refuse accommodation is mainly of the privy midden type, the middens are emptied by corporation workmen, and local farmers remove the refuse on to the land for manure.

Ashbins and pail closets are emptied weekly, and privy middens at

intervals of approximately two months.

Shop refuse is removed twice weekly by means of a covered motor vehicle, and the charge for collection is 6d. per bin after one free bin.

The Corporation dispose of the refuse by controlled tipping.

During the year an estimated total of 15,500 tons of refuse was collected and removed.

211 tons of salvage was collected during the year.

STREAMS AND WATERCOURSES.

The streams and ditches are cleansed and bottomed by their owners and receive frequent inspection.

With the spread of new houses into the rural area, the task of keeping ditches clear becomes more difficult each year, and constant supervision is necessary.

SMOKE ABATEMENT.

There are six factory chimneys in the Borough, four laundries, one large mail order stores, and one small electrical engineering company.

There are no Bye-laws in force under the Public Health (Smoke Abate-

ment) Act, 1926, or the Public Health Act, 1936.

The table below shows the monthly readings from the standard deposit gauge on the Town Hall roof.

	Mo	onth		Rainfall (ins.)	Deposit (tons per sq. mile)
1956 January February March April May June July August September October November December			 	3 ·64 0 ·28 1 ·03 2 ·72 0 ·87 1 ·18 3 ·66 9 ·52 2 ·36 2 ·01 1 ·23 2 ·21	20 ·67 8 ·82 18 ·88 17 ·57 14 ·23 16 ·80 33 ·14 28 ·77 23 ·25 21 ·04 19 ·71 23 ·08

CINEMAS.

There are six cinemas in the Borough. All were inspected and found to be well conducted.

VERMIN-INFESTED PREMISES.

Where vermin are found, whatever treatment seems most appropriate is promptly applied. Bug-infested dwellings are liberally sprayed with a solution of 5% D.D.T. in paraffin. Bedding is removed before spraying commences, treated with high pressure steam, and returned, aired and ready for use, on the same day. Flies, fleas and moths are dealt with by a lighter spraying with the same insecticide, or by the dissemination of insecticidal smokes in the affected rooms. Cockroaches, ants and 'silverfish' are combated by the use of a mixture of 10% D.D.T. in an inert powder. This has proved effective, and has the advantage of being almost odourless. Benzene hexachloride is also used in suitable cases.

Special precautions are taken to guard against the risk of bug-infestation in Corporation houses. The dwelling and effects of every prospective tenant are minutely examined by the Public Health Inspectors, and if the least trace of infestation is found, the furniture is fumigated with hydrogen cyanide during removal. This work is carried out by contractors in the employ of the Council. At the same time, bedding, etc., is treated by high pressure steam in the Corporation's disinfector.

All complaints received regarding infestation were investigated, and bugs were found in the following premises:—

Council Houses, 16. Other Houses, 139.

60 detailed inspections were recorded under this heading during the year, and 155 premises were disinfested on account of infestation by fleas, moths, cockroaches, ants, 'silverfish' and wasps.

TENTS, VANS AND SHEDS.

There are no temporary dwellings in the Borough.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949.

All premises in the Borough where rodent infestations were found or reported have been treated by the rodent operative, who made 1,262 visits during the year.

The methods recommended by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries are usually employed, and have proved very successful, but it is still occasionally necessary to use dogs and ferrets in the outlying agricultural areas.

Sewers in the Borough have been treated twice during the year for the presence of rats. The table below sets out the result of the treatments.

				1st Treatment	2nd Treatment
Numbe	er of M	anholes		378	414
>>	>>	>>	showing pre-bait take	123	134
>>	>>	>>	showing com- plete 'take'	111	115
"	>>	"	showing partial take	12	19
>>	>>	"	showing bait un- touched	255	280

SCHOOLS.

At the end of 1956 there were 27 Schools in the Borough. The names of all children who are excluded from school on account of infectious disease in their homes are notified to the Education Department, and the Head Teachers are also informed.

SUMMARY	OF WC	ORK OF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS,	1956.
PUBLIC HEALT	TH AND H	Cousing Acts.	
Number	of dwellin	g houses inspected under Public Health Act	3115
33		,, re-visited under Public Health Act	4650
>>		,, inspected under Housing Acts	49
))		,, inspected re vermin	60
,,		" re-visited under Housing Acts	73
>>	complair	nts received and investigated	2655
GENERAL SAN	ITATION.		
Number	of visits re	Drainage	200
>>	>>	Water Supply	311
>>	>>	Infectious Diseases and Disinfection	419
>>	>>	Rats and Mice Infestation	1262
"	>>	Factories, workplaces and outworkers' rooms	362
>>	>>	Smoke observations	9
>>	>>	Stables, piggeries, poultry houses, etc.	21
>>	>>	Petroleum Stores Schools	74
"	>>	Theatres and Cinemas	23
>>	>>	Public Conveniences	1 24
››	"	Common Yards and Passages	84
"	33	Refuse Collection and Disposal	44
))))))))))))))))	of visits to	Butchers' Shops Dairies Fishmongers and Poulterers Fried Fish Shops Greengrocers and Fruiterers Grocers Bakehouses Restaurants and Dining Rooms Licensed Houses Ice Cream Premises Miscellaneous Food Premises Street Hawkers and Vendors staken—Food and Drugs —Milk for Bacteriological Examination —Ice Cream	272 311 72 71 214 321 65 88 46 345 286 12 201 146 54
MISCELLANEOU	JS.		
	O MILLIT CAM	Shops concerning Shops Act rners, Contractors, etc.	676 266 454
DISINFECTION.			
Nun Nun	iber of rocuber of Lit	ected after Infectious Diseases:— oms icles of clothing, bedding, etc. orary Books ous Rooms Disinfected	112 877 108 302

Housing and Environmental Hygiene	41
Notices Served and Complied With.	
Preliminary notices served Preliminary notices complied with Statutory notices served Statutory notices complied with	1424 1023 426 441
NUISANCES ABATED AND DEFECTS REMEDIED.	
(a) Dwelling Houses—	
Roofs repaired or renewed External walls re-pointed or repaired Rainwater pipes and eavesgutters repaired or renewed Dampness remedied Wall plaster repaired Ceilings repaired or renewed Floors or stairways repaired or renewed Doors repaired or renewed Windows repaired or renewed Cooking ranges and fireplaces repaired or renewed Chimneys and stacks repaired Water supply pipes repaired or supply improved Sinks provided, renewed or repaired Sink waste pipes renewed or repaired Washing boilers provided or repaired Yards and passages paved or repaired Dangerous or defective walls rebuilt Miscellaneous items	426 166 420 344 262 145 133 149 484 69 85 287 25 98 2 79 5 87
(b) Drainage—	
Drains cleared of obstruction Drains repaired or reconstructed Soil pipes, ventilating shafts, etc., repaired	100 24 14
(c) Water Closets—	
New water closets provided Compartments repaired or cleansed Basins provided or repaired Cisterns provided or repaired Cesspools cleansed or repaired	4 43 108 179 2
(d) Dustbins—	
New dustbins provided	168
(e) Miscellaneous—	
Dangerous structures made safe Dirty premises cleansed Offensive accummulations removed	4 1 2
(f) Contraventions Remedied—	
Shops and food premises	3 2

